

Department of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery

Upper Jaw Fractures: Patient Information

This leaflet aims to improve your understanding of your forthcoming treatment and contains answers to many of the common questions. If you have other questions that the leaflet does not answer or would like further explanation please ask a member of the medical or nursing staff.

The problem

Your upper jaw has been broken. The doctor who examined you has already established the number of fractures, where they have occurred and whether they need treatment to help them heal. The treatment that is about to take place involves a general anaesthetic which means you will be asleep.

What does the operation involve?

Once you are asleep the fracture sites are opened up. This involves making a cut on the inside of your mouth through the gum above the teeth. The broken bones are then put back together and are held in place with small metal plates and screws. The gum is stitched back into place with dissolvable stitches that can take a fortnight or even longer to dissolve.

During the same operation it is necessary to place wires or metal braces around your teeth so that elastic bands can be attached to them and guide your bite into the correct position after surgery. Screws inserted into the jawbone above the teeth are occasionally used instead of these wires or metal braces. The elastic bands are not usually attached until the day after your operation, so your jaws will be able to move freely when you wake up from surgery.

Will anything else be done while I am asleep?

Occasionally it is necessary to remove damaged or decayed teeth in and around the site of the fracture.

What can I expect after the operation?

Your jaw is likely to be sore and regular painkillers will be arranged for you. The discomfort is usually worse for the first few days although it may take a couple of weeks



Patient Information

to completely disappear. It is also necessary to make sure that the fractures heal without any infection so you will be sent home with painkillers and a course of antibiotics.

You usually stay in hospital for one night following the surgery. The following day the position of the fractures will be checked with X-rays before you are allowed home.

- Although the screws and plates hold the fractures in place it still takes about six weeks for your jaw to heal completely.
- During this time you need to eat a relatively soft diet, the nature of which will be discussed with you by the doctors, nurses and dieticians.
- It is important that you keep your mouth as clean as possible for the first few weeks after surgery to prevent infection.
- It may be difficult to clean your teeth around the stitches because it is sore. It is best to keep the area free from food debris by gently rinsing your mouth with a mouth wash of salt water (dissolve a flat teaspoon of kitchen salt in a cup of warm water) commencing on the day of surgery.
- You will be given an antibacterial mouthwash called chlorhexidine (Corsodyl). This has the added benefit of reducing the plaque bacteria in your mouth.
- A small, soft infant tooth brush will also be of use to maintain your oral care to an adequate level. If you have problems with expelling the toothpaste then a moistened toothbrush will remove the plaque bacteria just as well, as it is not recommended to swallow toothpaste.
- It is recommended that you do not brush with toothpaste **and** use chlorhexidine mouthwash at the same time as they do not work well together. It is advisable to either brush with toothpaste and rinse with water before using the mouthwash or rinse at different times.
- If any wires, metal braces or screws are used to help guide your bite into the correct position, they will be removed in the Outpatient Department when your doctors are happy that your fractured has healed.

Do I need to take time off work?

Depending on the nature of your work it may be necessary to take about a fortnight off work and avoid strenuous exercise at this time. It important to remember that you should not drive, operate machinery, or sign any legally binding documents for 48 hours after your general anaesthetic.

What are the possible problems?

- Infection is uncommon because of the antibiotics used.
- Bleeding from the cuts inside your mouth is unlikely to be a problem but should the area bleed when you get home this can be usually stopped by applying pressure over the site for at least 10 minutes with a rolled up, clean, handkerchief or swab.

Patient Information

- Numbness: your top lip will be numb and tingly after the operation, similar to the sensation after having an injection at the dentist. The numbness may take several weeks to disappear.
- Occasionally screws that are used, may damage teeth next to the fracture site.
- If it has been necessary to put any plates or screws in your jaw to hold it in position these are not normally removed, unless they get infected because they tend not to cause problems. The metal that is used is called titanium, which does not set off metal detectors in the airports etc.

Will I need further appointments?

A review appointment will be arranged before you leave the hospital. You will be monitored for several months following treatment to make sure that your jaw heals completely.

Further information

Once you have been discharged if you need further advice or information regarding your outpatient appointments, then please contact the Maxillofacial Unit (clinic11) during office hours on: 024 7696 6500.

If you experience any problems out of these hours please contact: the Hospital switch board on: 024 7696 4000, asking for the Maxillofacial Senior House Officer on call.

Adapted from: - British Association of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgeons.

Available from, <http://www.baoms.org.uk/>

The Trust has access to interpreting and translation services. If you need this information in another language or format please contact 024 7696 6500 and we will do our best to meet your needs.

The Trust operates a smoke free policy

Document History

Department	Oral & Maxillo-facial
Contact Tel No	26453
Published	March 2009
Reviewed	Dec 2010, May 2012, May 2014, June 2018
Review	June 2020
Version	5
Reference No	HIC/LFT/821/09